

NO POISON  
IN THE PASTRY

DR. PRICE'S  
SPECIAL  
FLAVORING  
EXTRACTS  
ARE USED.

Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., flavor cakes, cream, puddings, etc., delicately and naturally as the fruit from which they are made. FOR STRENGTH AND TRUE FRUIT FLAVOR THEY STAND ALONE.

Price Baking Powder Co.,  
Chicago, Ill., MAKERS OF  
Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems,  
We Dry Hop Yeast.

FOR BREAD AND BEER.  
WE MAKE YOU NO QUALITY.

WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS  
FOR PALE PEOPLE.

Enter the system from unknown causes, all symptoms, restores the nerves, invigorates the blood, and builds the muscle.

WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS  
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THE BEST TONIC

Quickly and completely cures all cases of Chlorosis, Anemia, Indigestion, etc., and restores the system from unknown causes, all symptoms, restores the nerves, invigorates the blood, and builds the muscle.

PAINT  
STORE

—In a stock of—

WALL PAPER,

CEILING DECORATIONS, and everything in the paint line.

ALBA PAINT is the best for walls and ceilings. It will not rub off, and is cheaper and better than Kalsomine or Whitewash. Anyone can put it on.

ALBERT GREENWOOD,  
No. 222 Lexington St.,  
W. E. GREEN & CO.

—New Stock of—

FURNITURE!

PARLOR, DINING ROOM AND CHAMBER SETS in great variety.

We make a specialty of keeping on hand a large stock of all the essential articles in Furniture, Bedding, etc., and know our prices are reasonable for reliable goods.

Store corner of Third and Market streets, Cincinnati's old stand.

L. A. WORKMAN,  
Contractors.

ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS.

Plans and specifications furnished on reasonable terms and all work satisfactorily and promptly done.

Office on Third street, between Wall and Sutton.

JOHN WHEELER.

No. 31 Market street.

LAKE AND RIVER FISH!

received daily. Oysters, fruit, canned goods, etc. Prices the lowest.

A. D. MITCHELL,  
CONFECTIONER,

and dealer in home-made candies, fruits, etc. Soda Water the best in town. Ice Cream and all kinds of cake. Second street, Maysville, Ky.

METROPOLITAN NEWS.

SOMETHING ABOUT GEN. GRANT'S  
FORTHCOMING MEMOIRS.

His No Viciousness Authority—Deliberate Planned to show a little of the—For Poor Joe—Other Items from the Big City by the Sea.

NEW YORK, May 8.—Gen. Grant has done much towards completing his book during his period of convalescence and expects to finish it within the next few days. The first volume is written and revised. Only about one hundred pages are needed to complete the second. The story of Lee's surrender was finished on Monday. The general's connection with Lincoln's assassination has been related. He has just begun work on a description of the grand review of the federal army in Washington at the close of the war. He writes little by himself, but dictates to a stenographer. Not only is his mind clear, but the story is dictated. It is lucid and requires but little revision. His diary average is about thirty pages and the work appears fairly fatiguing, but little, if any.

The title of the book is "The Personal Memoirs of U. S. Grant." It tells the story of his life from childhood down to the grand review. It is replete with interesting sketches and anecdotes of Lincoln and other great men, with whom Gen. Grant came in contact in civil and military life. Each volume will contain about 500 pages with numerous illustrations and maps. Charles L. Webster & Co., of this city, are the publishers. The work will be published simultaneously by them in the United States, England, France, Germany and Canada. The first volume will appear in December, and the second about March 1, 1886. Already orders for over 100,000 sets of the "Memoirs" have been received without solicitation or advertising. If nothing unforeseen happens the publishers expect to have all the manuscript in hand inside of a month. It will require but a few days to finish the second volume, after which it will be released. Nearly all of volume II has been written since the general was confined to his house by his present illness.

Gen. Grant sent the following letter to his publishers:

New York, May 3, 1885.

To Charles L. Webster & Co.

Dear Sirs: My attention has been called to paragraph in a letter published in the New York newspaper of this city of Wednesday, April 3, which reads as follows:

"The work upon the new book, about which much has been said, is the work of Gen. Grant. He has done the material and all of the ideas in the book are his. He has done the material and all of the ideas in the book are his. He has done the material and all of the ideas in the book are his."

I will divide this into four parts and answer them as follows:

First.—The work upon his new book, about which much has been said, is the work of Gen. Grant. He has done the material and all of the ideas in the book are his. This is false. The composition is entirely my own.

Second.—Gen. Grant has done the material and all of the ideas in the book are his. This is false. The composition is entirely my own.

Third.—Gen. Grant has done the material and all of the ideas in the book are his. This is false. The composition is entirely my own.

Fourth.—The work upon his new book, about which much has been said, is the work of Gen. Grant. He has done the material and all of the ideas in the book are his. This is false. The composition is entirely my own.

Yours truly,

U. S. GRANT

READY TO DIE AT SIXTEEN.

Deliberately Planned Suicide of a Lonesome Little Girl.

NEW YORK, May 8.—Lying on a mattress that had been thrown flat down on the bare floor of a room in the tenement house 181 Chrystie street was the dead body of a sixteen-year-old girl, Henrietta Straub. It was a case of wonderfully cool and deliberate suicide. Her father's story is that she left her home in the apartment and about half an hour after she returned she told him that she had taken Paris green, and he was for Dr. Fiddler. Some time after the doctor came Henrietta died. The father could give no cause for the suicide, and said that the child had given no explanation.

Dr. Fiddler said that when he arrived Henrietta was pulseless and dying, but fully conscious and remarkably composed. When he asked why she had taken the poison, she said it was because she had no mother and was lonely, and because, although she was sixteen years old, she "did not know any thing." She died at last point—she had not as much education as other girls of her age. She was a very pretty and beautiful girl, with dark eyes, with hair, blonde hair, blue eyes and full, bluish cheeks. When the doctor was passing her to the cause of her act he tried to frighten her by telling her she would be arrested, but she was so weak that she could not resist. She looked up at him quietly and laughed quietly but bravely. He asked her if she would like to go to jail. She said: "Yes, I do, because I've just as soon."

She died very soon after that, passing away very quietly and with a smile upon her face.

BOYNTON TURNER DYNAMITE.

The Noted Swimmer Frantically Victim of Englishmen and Has Some Fun.

NEW YORK, May 8.—The report that dynamite had been attempted to blow up the Irish boatman, that is, the boatman, was a hoax. Boynton and several others had been arrested in consequence, occasioned considerable excitement. Inquiries made at the office of the British consul resulted in no satisfaction. The report, Capt. Haed, of the Guard, had called upon the consul-general early in the day, but the consul-general had said that he had no knowledge of the matter. It was ascertained, however, that there was some excitement in the vicinity of the ship about yesterday night.

In order, it is stated, to apprehend and

THE PRESIDENT'S RULES

AND STANDS STERNLY FOR THE EXECUTIVE AUTHORITY

Mr. Hendricks No More Powerful Than His Predecessors in Office—He Gives Little Solace to office seekers. Other Political Gleanings.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—Mr. Hendricks has been persevering and faithful in endeavors to serve his democratic friends in Indiana, but without any great degree of success thus far. Vice president, as a rule, have not for many years exercised much power at Washington. The president, for the time being, does not look with more favor on his possible successor than a king does on the heir apparent, who is waiting to occupy the throne.

When Gen. Taylor was elected president, the original plan was to treat Mr. Fillmore as the acting president, until the cabinet of Mr. Seward entered the senate. Controversy, however, arose, and the cabinet was not allowed to enter until after the inauguration.

The whole tendency is to concentrate power in the hands of the president, especially in the case of Mr. Grant. There is little probability that any member of the cabinet, or all the cabinet combined, will direct the action of Mr. Cleveland. He stands sternly for the executive authority, after being satisfied that it may be right to attempt to restrain it would signify fail.

Mr. Hendricks' Comfortable Hope.

PITTSBURGH, May 8.—Vice President Hendricks, who is here, says that he can hold out no hope to such democrats of the country as are anxious for a general and rapid change in the civil service of the country. The situation, he says, is such that the democratic party finds itself with the advent of this administration is exceptional, and the expectations of reward for party services that might have been realized four or five years ago are not gratified now.

The sentiment of the country seems favorable to the policy that has been adopted by Mr. Cleveland, and it seems doubtful if the advent of this administration is exceptional, and the expectations of reward for party services that might have been realized four or five years ago are not gratified now.

THE ILLINOIS DEADLOCK.

Said to be broken by the Assurance of a Republican Majority.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 8.—A sensation was caused by the announcement that the republicans had secured a clear trick to break the deadlock in the legislature by gaining a majority. An election was held in the city of Springfield, and the republicans were elected. The election was held in the city of Springfield, and the republicans were elected.

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DISSATISFIED BRASS POUNDERS.

Why the Western Union Operators at Cincinnati are Troubled.

CINCINNATI, May 8.—"I think we are the biggest bunch of brass pounders in the city," was the word passed to a reporter by a telegraph operator in the employ of the Western Union company.

"Why?" the news-gatherer asked, it surprised.

"Because of this extra work business. Some time ago we were notified that we would get no more compensation for extra work, but that the salary we had been receiving for our regular work would have to cover all the time we put in in addition to our regular hours. This was a pretty serious matter, as we had been earning all the way from \$3.50 a month down by working extra time, and to make it worse, the cut was not made to apply to all the operators employed by the company, as those in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Washington and New Orleans were specially exempted—leaving only know why—and were allowed extra compensation for extra work done."

Well, last month, you know, the Chicago operators made a request for a return to their pay rate, and the let us know that they received word from New York that their request had been granted, and that henceforth they should have their extra pay. Now, here we are, and we are not getting extra extra every month and don't get a cent of it, and what is more we haven't got any more to ask for our rights. The Chicago men are no better than we are, and if they get extra pay why shouldn't we? Merely because we don't ask for it, and the company won't give it to us unless we do. Therefore, I say we are chumps."

SHORT ACQUITTED.

Captain Hendricks' Would-be Extremism.

NEW YORK, May 8.—The defense in the case of Dick Short, Walter J. Elliott, a paper dealer, and J. P. Kearney, a saloon-keeper, all of this city, testified before the grand jury that Philip had made threats to kill them, both before and at the meeting in Rome. Short, however, testified that Philip was drunk and quarrelsome on the day of the assault, and that he was threatened by Short when the latter began to struggle with him. After the assault, Short was called and denied having told Philip on the way to Rome's office that Rosa was friendly to him. Short admitted, however, that he had with Philip on Irish matter under assumed names. Gen. S. Smith, lately lieutenant of capital police at Washington, contradicted Philip's statement that Philip said he was removal. He was removed for political reasons, and not till two years after Philip was removed.

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PH

# THE DAILY BULLETIN.

FRIDAY, MAY 8, 1886.

The next Legislature of Mississippi will elect two United States Senators.

The decrease of public debt at the end of the fiscal year will be about \$600,000,000.

The New York World's fund for the Bartholdi Pedestal now amounts to \$40,364.

Feet of the new levees on the Lower Arkansas have broken, flooding the low lands for miles.

It is said that Mahone will be a candidate for Governor of Virginia on the Republican platform.

Prominent Democrats of Indiana are urging Charles Denby, of Evansville, for the Russian Mission.

The revised edition of the Old Testament will be given to the public in London the 19th instant, and be published in New York the 21st.

The Republican of Ohio will meet in Springfield, June 11th, to nominate candidates for Governor and other State officers at the next October election.

It is claimed that during a cholera epidemic in Europe 2,000 people who were campy in a bag over the chest, escaped the disease, though there were deaths around them by the score.

A petition asking Governor Knott to pardon Hooker Silver, sentenced to the penitentiary for killing Burt Scully, is circulating in Bourbon County. Silver has already been sent to Frankfort.

A despatch from Washington dated the 6th instant, says that Captain James Blackburn was that day appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for the Seventh district of Kentucky. In place of Mr. Stoll.

Returns from 73 counties to the State Agricultural Bureau relative to the crop put condition of wheat at 39 per cent; corn, 84; rye, 60; barley, 45; oats, 95. The reports indicate that fruit will be plenty.

G. H. Mason, claiming to be from New York, was caught in the act of robbery, at the Maxwell House, Nashville. He was arrested, indicted for the crime, and in the penitentiary for five years before dinner the same day.

About three and one-half million dollars of the bonds of the State of Georgia were sold recently at five-sixteenths per cent, above par. The bonds were made during the reign of Carpetbagism in that State.

G. H. Vest, Jr., of the State Department, son of Senator Vest, of Missouri, has been selected by Secretary Bayard to visit the United States Commission of Enquiry and ascertain their condition and needs. He will sail from New York on Saturday next for Liverpool.

The appointment papers of Captain James Blackburn, as Collector of Internal Revenue, were sent to the Treasury Department on Wednesday. The President approved the appointment on Saturday and the matter was then really all arranged.

The subscription of Bourbon County to the Kentucky Union Railway is to be paid in four installments: \$100,000 when road is completed to Centerville; \$100,000 when completed to Paris; \$100,000 when completed to North Middletown; and \$100,000 when completed to Hedges Station.

POSTMASTER PALMER, of Chicago, has been removed from office for "offensive partnership." The Postmaster General said to an interviewer that "Palmer was an active worker in the recent campaign and one of those Republicans whose continuance in office was not deemed advisable by the administration."

A WASHINGTON despatch says: The situation as regards Kentucky officials is unchanged and no man can tell when anything will be done. Probably no district Attorney will be appointed before the term expires. The Treasury reform Commission will report in a few days, probably recommending a reduction of the force in the Internal Revenue bureau and other important changes.

The accomplishment of the work of reform would of course be greatly facilitated by a more expeditious removal of the old material remaining over in the public offices. But handicapped by new laws regulating official changes, the administration cannot move directly to the great object of selecting for its service those who are most interested in the success of its policy. In this respect it is peculiarly situated. But it will attain its object more surely and permanently by cautious movement in the beginning than by such precipitate action as would suit those who would like to see the rascals turned out all on a heap.

## THE "JOHNNYS" CHEERED.

Oration to H. E. Lee Camp by the Army of the Potomac.

BALTIMORE, May 8.—An incident occurred at the meeting of the Army of the Potomac reunion which, according to the language of Gen. Brown, of Washington, one of its members "goes to show that the army is not without a few jackasses."

Robert E. Lee camp, of Richmond, Va., is announced as an invitation from the army to extend their business meeting when Gen. Clark jumped to his feet and exclaimed: "No matter how repugnant the reb may have become, they have no concern with this society, and should not be invited to enter the building."

"Hurl them into the gallery," shouted another voice.

Maj. McMahon, of Massachusetts, cried: "Let the rebels stay outside; we don't want them here."

He stood upon his one leg and told about the scene in Baltimore on April 19, 1861, when in Massachusetts's regiment cadets were to pass through the city, but before he could get through his voice was drowned with hisses.

A motion to appoint a committee of five to invite Lee camp into the hall was carried when Major McMahon suggested desistingly that Gen. Lee be made a member of it. When the dissenters marched down the aisle, the ex-confederate left the hall and the "old ass" received a perfect oration from the remainder of the meeting.

## DEAD REBELS.

The Best Kind of Rebels According to the Columbian Commander.

COLON, May 8, via Intravision.—The two rebels Lemley, Pirtz and Covelino, who advised and assisted Prostan, in the burning of the city, and who have been held prisoner on board the Galena, were delivered to Gen. Reyes, by Capt. Kane. A court martial was then held by Gen. Reyes, and the three conspirators were convicted and sentenced to death.

There was no delay in executing the sentence of the court. The men were taken to the middle of the river, which they were instrumental in making, and hanged in the presence of thousands of persons who assembled to witness the enforcement of the law. The place selected by Gen. Reyes for the hanging was the exact spot where the leaders of the rebels had started the fire on March 31, which led this city to be almost destroyed every building in it. Gen. Reyes prompt and vigorous action has already had its effect. The hanging of Portland and Covelino has struck terror to every rebel on the isthmus.

Plague-stricken Plymouth. WILMINGTON, Pa., May 8.—The sudden rise in the temperature here had a bad effect on the people residing in the fever-stricken town of Plymouth. Nearly ninety new cases are reported, and another raid was made upon the physicians, who had retired to get a little needed rest. They were routed out again by the fresh cases. Dr. McKee, who has attended upwards of 2,200 cases in the last four weeks, had to give up, as he is completely worn out. Several other physicians have been driven out of the town, and with provisions have started out in charge of the relief committee to supply those who are in destitute circumstances.

Death in a Breches Pocket. GREENVILLE, O., May 8.—Adam Rogers, a prosperous farmer residing six miles south of Greenville, was blasting out stumps by dynamite. He had fifteen dynamite caps in his breeches pocket, and was leaning over to put a root, he accidentally fired the caps which tore a hole in his groin as big as a saucer.

## THE CONDENSER.

Fresh, Pithy News Hurled Down for the Times by the Honored Reader. Earl Duffley died in London suddenly, aged fifty-eight.

Completed treasury count finds a shortage of two cents only.

The Canadian government has raised a loan in England of \$5,000,000.

Cincinnati's march show has a final lot of dogs from all parts of the country.

Wm. H. Cook, once immensely wealthy, suicided, a beggar, in a Pittsburgh dive.

The eruption of Mount Vesuvius is subsiding, and there will be no out of danger.

Ezra Cooper, Erie, Pa., millionaire, is on trial for alleged outrage on Mrs. Julia Dun.

United Brethren Biblical seminary at Dayton graduated nine gentlemen and two ladies.

The Pennsylvania house has passed the bill prohibiting public sparring or boxing exhibitions in Madrid.

The coalition of liberals and conservatives was triumphant in the municipal elections in Madrid.

James Blackburn has been appointed Internal revenue commissioner for the Lexington district.

The miners at the Pennsylvania colliery, Shamokin, owned by Congressman Scott, of Erie, have struck.

Felicitas Paala, ambassador from the ports to London, is making preparations to return to Constantinople.

About 175 abanquers of Fingree & Smith's shop, Detroit, have struck because non-union men are employed.

The great revival under Mrs. Woodworth at Tipton, Ind., continues, with traces and other manifestations.

Harry Brahm, the well known musician, was granted a divorce in New York from Lillian Russell Brahm.

Sylvia Dupre, the fat boy of Webster, Mass., is dead. He was in his ninth year and weighed 220 pounds.

Notwithstanding all the talk, there will be no extra session of congress. The first Monday in December is the regular time.

Two male tenants of the Philadelphia house asylum are under arrest for killing a patient by knocking him down and jumping on him.

Byron Stillwell, Ohio legislator from Muskegon county, refuses to marry Miss Wiley, of Zanesville, and is held to answer in 1890.

The Massachusetts house of representatives has refused a third reading to the bill extending to women the right of municipal suffrage.

The Cincinnati saloonkeepers' law committee will wait upon the police commissioners to ascertain how long the midnight liquor law is to be enforced.

## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Latest Quotations of the Market, Produce and Cattle Markets.

New York, May 7.—Money easy 1 1/2 per cent. Exchange steady and quiet. Government bonds. U. S. 5's 104 1/2; 4's 103 1/2; 3's 102 1/2; 2's 101 1/2; 1's 100 1/2; 10's 100 1/2; 20's 100 1/2; 30's 100 1/2; 40's 100 1/2; 50's 100 1/2; 60's 100 1/2; 70's 100 1/2; 80's 100 1/2; 90's 100 1/2; 100's 100 1/2.

General. CHICAGO, May 7.—FLOUR—Fancy, \$5.00; 60's family, \$4.25; 40's, \$3.75; 30's, \$3.50; 20's, \$3.25; 10's, \$3.00; 5's, \$2.75; 2's, \$2.50; 1's, \$2.25; 10's, \$2.00; 20's, \$1.75; 30's, \$1.50; 40's, \$1.25; 50's, \$1.00; 60's, \$0.75; 70's, \$0.50; 80's, \$0.25; 90's, \$0.10; 100's, \$0.05.

General. CHICAGO, May 7.—WHEAT—No. 1 white, \$1.00; No. 2 white, \$0.95; No. 3 white, \$0.90; No. 4 white, \$0.85; No. 5 white, \$0.80; No. 6 white, \$0.75; No. 7 white, \$0.70; No. 8 white, \$0.65; No. 9 white, \$0.60; No. 10 white, \$0.55; No. 11 white, \$0.50; No. 12 white, \$0.45; No. 13 white, \$0.40; No. 14 white, \$0.35; No. 15 white, \$0.30; No. 16 white, \$0.25; No. 17 white, \$0.20; No. 18 white, \$0.15; No. 19 white, \$0.10; No. 20 white, \$0.05.

General. CHICAGO, May 7.—CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, \$4.25; fair, \$4.00; poor, \$3.75; 2's, \$3.50; 3's, \$3.25; 4's, \$3.00; 5's, \$2.75; 6's, \$2.50; 7's, \$2.25; 8's, \$2.00; 9's, \$1.75; 10's, \$1.50; 11's, \$1.25; 12's, \$1.00; 13's, \$0.75; 14's, \$0.50; 15's, \$0.25; 16's, \$0.10; 17's, \$0.05.

General. CHICAGO, May 7.—SHEEP—Good to choice butchers, \$3.25; fair, \$3.00; poor, \$2.75; 2's, \$2.50; 3's, \$2.25; 4's, \$2.00; 5's, \$1.75; 6's, \$1.50; 7's, \$1.25; 8's, \$1.00; 9's, \$0.75; 10's, \$0.50; 11's, \$0.25; 12's, \$0.10; 13's, \$0.05.

General. CHICAGO, May 7.—PORK—Fair to good, \$4.25; 2's, \$4.00; 3's, \$3.75; 4's, \$3.50; 5's, \$3.25; 6's, \$3.00; 7's, \$2.75; 8's, \$2.50; 9's, \$2.25; 10's, \$2.00; 11's, \$1.75; 12's, \$1.50; 13's, \$1.25; 14's, \$1.00; 15's, \$0.75; 16's, \$0.50; 17's, \$0.25; 18's, \$0.10; 19's, \$0.05.

General. CHICAGO, May 7.—LARD—Good to choice, \$5.00; fair, \$4.75; poor, \$4.50; 2's, \$4.25; 3's, \$4.00; 4's, \$3.75; 5's, \$3.50; 6's, \$3.25; 7's, \$3.00; 8's, \$2.75; 9's, \$2.50; 10's, \$2.25; 11's, \$2.00; 12's, \$1.75; 13's, \$1.50; 14's, \$1.25; 15's, \$1.00; 16's, \$0.75; 17's, \$0.50; 18's, \$0.25; 19's, \$0.10; 20's, \$0.05.

General. CHICAGO, May 7.—BACON—Good to choice, \$5.00; fair, \$4.75; poor, \$4.50; 2's, \$4.25; 3's, \$4.00; 4's, \$3.75; 5's, \$3.50; 6's, \$3.25; 7's, \$3.00; 8's, \$2.75; 9's, \$2.50; 10's, \$2.25; 11's, \$2.00; 12's, \$1.75; 13's, \$1.50; 14's, \$1.25; 15's, \$1.00; 16's, \$0.75; 17's, \$0.50; 18's, \$0.25; 19's, \$0.10; 20's, \$0.05.

General. CHICAGO, May 7.—HOGS—Good to choice, \$4.25; fair, \$4.00; poor, \$3.75; 2's, \$3.50; 3's, \$3.25; 4's, \$3.00; 5's, \$2.75; 6's, \$2.50; 7's, \$2.25; 8's, \$2.00; 9's, \$1.75; 10's, \$1.50; 11's, \$1.25; 12's, \$1.00; 13's, \$0.75; 14's, \$0.50; 15's, \$0.25; 16's, \$0.10; 17's, \$0.05.

General. CHICAGO, May 7.—CORN—Good to choice, \$0.75; fair, \$0.70; poor, \$0.65; 2's, \$0.60; 3's, \$0.55; 4's, \$0.50; 5's, \$0.45; 6's, \$0.40; 7's, \$0.35; 8's, \$0.30; 9's, \$0.25; 10's, \$0.20; 11's, \$0.15; 12's, \$0.10; 13's, \$0.05.

General. CHICAGO, May 7.—OATS—Good to choice, \$0.45; fair, \$0.40; poor, \$0.35; 2's, \$0.30; 3's, \$0.25; 4's, \$0.20; 5's, \$0.15; 6's, \$0.10; 7's, \$0.05.

General. CHICAGO, May 7.—RICE—Good to choice, \$0.25; fair, \$0.20; poor, \$0.15; 2's, \$0.10; 3's, \$0.05.

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## LILLIE MADISON'S FATE

THE BEGINNING OF A TRIAL THAT MAY BECOME HISTORIC.

The Richmond Reservoir Mystery—Will it be Solved?—The Watch Key that May Convince Young Cluverius of the Murder of His Cousin.

RICHMOND, Va., May 8.—It has been a lit-  
tle less than two months since the body of  
the young governess, Fannie Madison, Mad-  
ison, was taken out of the Richmond reser-  
voir. The developments since then point to  
Thomas J. Cluverius, her cousin, as her mur-  
derer. It has been established that the girl  
had been betrayed by Cluverius, that she  
came to Richmond at his wish on March 12  
that he was with her during the next day  
and at 8:30 o'clock in the evening. There is  
strong circumstantial evidence that he was  
with her near the reservoir, and going  
towards it, at 9:30 o'clock, and at 10 o'clock  
a woman's screams were heard in the reser-  
voir grounds. Her face was bruised as if  
from furious blows, and the medical exami-  
nation showed that she had breathed after  
sinking below the water of the reservoir.

It has been shown that the girl would have  
become a mother in two months, and that  
Cluverius had been paying marked attention  
to another young girl in King and Queen  
county. It is believed that Fannie Madison  
had threatened him with exposure, that he  
took her to the barly grounds about the  
reservoir with the intention of murdering  
her; that he struck her down and threw her  
unconscious body into the water. Then, the  
prosecution will claim, he threw her out into  
the river and buried her little reticule—  
thus hoping to destroy all evidence of the  
young girl's identity. No one but himself  
knew she was in Richmond. The body found  
and no one coming to recognize it, it would  
be buried in the Potter's field. Before the  
girl's absence would be noted a week at least  
would elapse, and before the body of the girl  
could be traced decomposition would have  
removed all traces of violence. Then there  
would be nothing to show it was not a sad  
accident. But the accused of a newspaper re-  
porter led to the identification of the dead  
body on the day it was found and to the  
prompt arrest of Cluverius. His conviction,  
however, of the actual murder may depend  
upon a watch-key. It was found within the  
reservoir grounds and it is said, can be  
proved to have belonged to Cluverius.

Cluverius is a collateral descendant of  
President John Tyler; Fannie Madison is a  
collateral descendant of President James  
Madison.

And now, within seven weeks of the  
discovery of the girl's body, Cluverius was  
arranged for the murder. Long before the  
court assembled, both entrances to the build-  
ing and the passage way running its length  
were filled with men and women anxious to  
gaze upon the face of the man of whom  
they had heard and seen. The body found  
the reservoir grounds and it is said, can be  
proved to have belonged to Cluverius.

The prisoner was driven in a hack, accom-  
panied by the police sergeant. The vehicle  
was quickly surrounded by an excited mob,  
but the crowd was taken at once into the  
court room. As he walked in with a firm  
and elastic tread, his face bore the same  
calm and placid expression that it had  
worn ever since his arrest. The prisoner  
was dressed in a gray suit. He had on a  
standing collar, black necktie, black derby  
hat, and was cleanly shaven.

Judge Atkins took his seat upon the bench.  
Judge W. W. Crump, Hon. A. B. Evans and  
Henry Pollard, counsel for the prisoner, then  
made their appearance and took seats by his  
side. Col. W. R. Aylott, of King William  
county, and Mr. Charles V. Meredith ap-  
peared for the state. About twenty-five wit-  
nesses for the commonwealth were then  
called, after which Mr. Evans said that the  
defense was ready. "What witnesses," he  
said, "are not all in attendance. It may be  
that as the examination of witnesses for the  
commonwealth progresses evidence may be  
disclosed to us which we are not now aware  
of and have no reason to anticipate. In that  
event we ask the indulgence of the court to  
bring such witnesses as the defense may  
name."

The clerk then told the prisoner to stand  
up. He arose and scarcely turned his eyes  
from the clerk while the indictment was  
read. "To this charge," said the clerk as he  
finished reading, "are you guilty or no  
guilty?"

The prisoner in a tone scarcely audible said,  
"Not guilty," and took his seat.  
The names of twenty-four witnesses were  
called and Henry S. Kepler was the only  
competent jurymen found, the others hav-  
ing fixed opinions on the case. Mr. Kepler  
is a sewing machine clerk. The court then  
ordered the sergeant to summon a tale of  
ten men and took a recess.

During the recess the accused and his  
counsel were engaged in consultation. Of  
all the men in the court room none wore a  
calmer exterior than the accused throughout  
the entire proceedings. Indeed, when the  
doors were opened to let in the crowd the  
noise and confusion was so great that the  
proceedings were interrupted several times,  
and this, too, although there were a dozen  
police men present. Not a feature of the ac-  
cused changed, even when the murmur of  
the crowd reached a threatening pitch.  
When the crowd left the court room the  
prisoner faced towards them indifferently.

None of Cluverius' relatives were present  
except his brother.

The following jurymen were obtained:  
Henry C. Atkins, a former merchant; Cabell  
Brakelough, merchant; W. H. Coleman,  
collector; William H. Parker, merchant.

Cluverius retained his usual composure,  
and intently watched the jurymen as they  
were being questioned by the court. His  
brother, who is a few years his senior, stood  
by the chair in which he was sitting, and  
they frequently engaged in inquisitively pleas-  
ant conversation.

Only witnesses and jurymen were allowed  
in court, but the crowd hung around the  
court house till the prisoner was taken back  
to jail.

Through the Court.

Fort Smith, Ark., May 8.—Mitchell An-  
derson, a Cherokee Indian, seventeen years  
old, was executed according to the custom of  
that nation for the murder of another Cho-  
ctaw boy named Winchester last summer.  
The condemned youth was seated on a  
blanket in an open space with a piece of  
white paper placed over his heart. The exe-  
cutioner knelt before him and with one shot  
killed him.

Brooklyn's Elevated Road.  
BROOKLYN, May 8.—The Brooklyn elevated  
railroad will be opened for traffic on next  
Monday. The route will then extend from  
the entrance of the bridge to Broadway and  
Gates avenue.

# DON'T!

Don't be lve that we present an excellent  
Waterbury Watch with every \$15 purchase.

Don't bel eve that we give a Hat with every  
Ready-made Suit we sell.

Don't believe that we carry the Largest,  
Best-selected and Handsomest stock of Goods  
in the State.

Don't believe that you can get more solid  
value for your money from us than from any  
Cincinnati Clothing House.

Don't believe that we are getting up, this  
Spring, Handsomer Work than any other Mer-  
chant Tailoring House in the State.

Don't believe any of the above facts until  
you come to our house and be convinced that  
all this is literally true. Respectfully,

**HECHINGER & CO.,**  
Oddfellows' Hall Clothing House, Maysville.

## Headquarters For Dry Goods.

We are pleased to announce that our Spring and Summer styles for 1885 are now open  
for the inspection of the public. Our new stock consists of a large and varied assortment of  
the NEWEST and BEST in Seasonable Goods, embracing all the Latest Novelties in Foreign  
and Domestic

## DRESS GOODS!

We claim for our stock Gene Al Excellence in Quality and Style, Immense Variety and a  
scale of prices which will find EXTRMELY LOW. Our stock of HOSIERY is com-  
plete in every detail, from the cheap, best Cotton to the finest Silk Hosiery, and at prices that de-  
fy competition. In

## Carpets, Oil Cloths, Window Shades,

etc., we can not be equaled, and are confident we can save you five or ten cents on every  
yard you purchase of us. Another thing, do not fail to see our elegant display of CURTAIN  
NETS and LACE CURTAINS. Elegant styles! Very cheap stock! Our New Spring Goods  
are most desirable and our prices always right. Our WHITE GOODS and LACES are well  
worth coming to see.

## D. HUNT & SON,

Second Street, - - - Maysville, Ky.

## F. DIETRICH & SONS,

—Dealers in Home-made—

## CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,

SPRING WAGONS, ETC.

Only carriage manufacturers in Mays-  
ville who sell only their own work, which is  
in first-class in all particulars. Vehicles  
at LOWER PRICES than any other house  
in the State, when quality of work is con-  
sidered.

All Work Warranted!

REPAIRING Promptly and Satisfactorily  
done. A large line of Carriages, Buggies,  
Broughams, &c., now on hand.

We are practical Mechanics, and WILL SAVE YOU MONEY if you give  
us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

**F. DIETRICH & SONS,**  
68 and 70 East Second St.

GO TO:

## J. BALLENCER

—FOR—

## FINE JEWELRY,

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ETC.

Bridal and Anniversary Gifts a specialty. A large stock to select  
from at all times. A trial is solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

## MALTBY, BENTLEY & CO.'S

For Oats and Clover Seed, Potatoes and Cabbage. They have also just  
received a fresh supply of Mackerel, Maple Syrup and N. O. Molasses.  
No. 19 Market Street, Maysville, Ky.

W. W. McIlvain.

R. G. Humphreys.

## McILVAIN & HUMPHREYS,

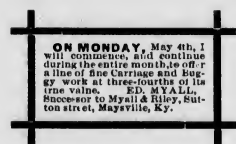
(Successors to MYALL & RILEY.)

## FARMING IMPLEMENTS!

—We are now receiving large invoices of—

PLANET, J.B. TOBACCO CULTIVATORS, MALTA DOUBLE SHOVEL FLOWS,  
BARBED WIRE, ETC., RANDALL HARROWS,  
EVANS CORN PLANTERS and DRILLS. RIDING and WALKING CULTIVATORS,

We have a full stock of WAGONS and CARTS; in fact every kind of Implement need-  
ed on a farm. Second street, Maysville, Ky.



ON MONDAY, May 4th, I  
will commence, and continue  
during the entire month, to offer  
a line of fine Carriage and Bug-  
gy work at three-fourths of its  
true value. ED. MYALL,  
Successor to Myall & Riley, Sul-  
ton street, Maysville, Ky.

## CYCLONE OF BARGAINS!

Five hundred Fine Corkscrew Suits in all Styles and Colors at \$15;  
worth \$25. Five hundred Fancy Plaid Suits at \$12; worth \$18. Six  
hundred Cassimere Suits, all styles, at \$10; worth \$20. My stock of  
Boys' and Children's Suits is complete in every department.

## SOME CLOTHING FACTS:

The Brightest, the most Tasteful, the Prettiest Finished, the most  
carefully Low Priced—in a word, the most satisfactory and desirable  
Clothing for Men, Youths and Children to be found in the State, is sold  
at the Red Corner Clothing House.

LOUIS ZECH, Proprietor.

## M. DAVIS,

—THE OLD RELIABLE—

## CLOTHIER!

Have just received an immense stock of CLOTHING, comprising Men's Youth's and Boys'  
goods; also GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

## HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS and VALISES,

which he will sell at PANIC PRICES. You will do well to call and see him before purchas-  
ing elsewhere.

M. DAVIS,

## HERMANN LANGE,

—The Jeweler, is receiving the latest styles of—

## FINE JEWELRY,

Watches, Diamonds, Silverware, Clocks and Novelties. Call and exam-  
ine before purchasing elsewhere. No. 42 Second Street, third door below  
Market, Maysville, Ky.

## C. S. MINER & BRO.,

—ESTABLISHED 1833—DEALERS IN—

## BOOTS, Leather and Findings

SHOES, MAYSVILLE, KY.

## CLEARANCE SALE FOR CASH!

As trustee for A. R. BURGESS, I offer the stock of Dry Goods contained in his store, No.  
29 Hudson Street, at greatly reduced prices. Unlaundered shirts, best made, (former price  
\$1.00), 75 cents; best Laundered shirts, (former price \$1.50), \$1.00; line of dress goods, per yard,  
10 cents; many choice Dress Fabrics at cost; Woolen Underwear and Blankets at cost. Great  
bargains in  
Hosiery, Towels, Napkins, Table Linens, Etc.  
Choice line of Cassimere at cost. All persons indebted to the said Burgess will be required  
to make prompt payment, as it will be my duty, as trustee, to wind up the business speed-  
ily. As a R. Burgess, as my agent, will make settlements and deliver receipts.  
JAMES SHACKLEFORD, Trustee.